

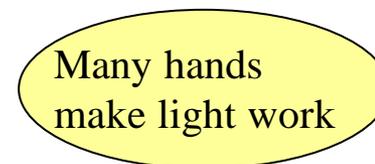
First CDF Run II Results



Fermilab W&C
2002-07-26

Bill Ashmanskas
(University of Chicago)
for the
CDF collaboration

- Stable physics running established in early 2002
 - intensive effort during fall 2001 shutdown had big payoff
 - silicon coverage, trigger came together very quickly
 - > 95% / 90% / 80% of L00/SVX/ISL now (summer 2002) regularly read out
 - L1/L2/L3 trigger 6400/145/25Hz @ 1.6E31, <1% downtime (BW 40K/300/70)
 - trigger algorithms increased rapidly in sophistication; now quite stable
 - ~140 separate trigger paths (e, μ , τ , ν , γ , jet, displaced track, b jet, ...)
- 33.0/pb delivered; 23.5/pb recorded January-June 2002
 - 10.0/pb pass the most stringent analyses' "good run" criteria
 - we're in a mode of very stable operation (stop by B0 and see!)
 - ◆ response to glitches (power supply failures, beam losses, silicon readout issues) has been quick and successful





CDF Detector Run II Upgrades

All critical components are working well

7-8 silicon layers
 $r\phi$, rz, stereo views

$z_0^{\max}=45$, $\eta^{\max}=2$
 $2 < R < 30\text{cm}$

132 ns front end
COT tracks @L1
SVX tracks @L2
40000/300/70 Hz
~no dead time

2 b's or not 2 b's?
Double tags essential
for M_{top} , $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$

TOF (100ps @ 150cm)

μ coverage
extended to
 $\eta=1.5$

Tile/fiber endcap
calorimeter (faster,
larger F_{samp} , no gap)

30240 chnl, 96 layer
drift chamber
 $\sigma(1/p_T) \sim 0.1\%/GeV$
 $\sigma(\text{hit}) \sim 150\mu\text{m}$



CDF Run II physics has begun!

4

❖ Re-establish Run I physics signals

- prepare for high- P_T program: M_{top} , M_W , Higgs, SUSY, Z' , LED
- reconstruct and model leptons, W 's, Z 's, jets, b 's, ...
- essential feedback for detector/trigger/reconstruction/simulation
- **measure** $\sigma(W)/\sigma(Z)$; **measure** D-Y angular distributions

❖ Calibrate precision track measurements

- exploit high cross-section signals; **measure** B lifetimes, masses
- begins B physics program (lifetimes, masses, B_s mixing, ~~CP~~, Λ_b , B_c , ...)
- provides calibration/tools for M_W , M_{top} , b jet tagging

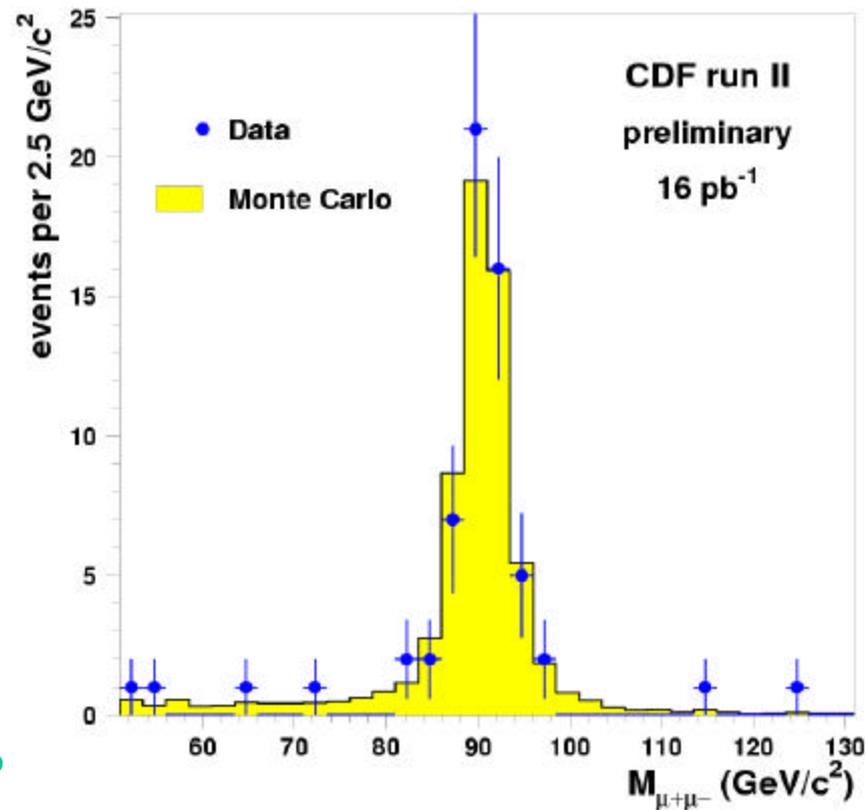
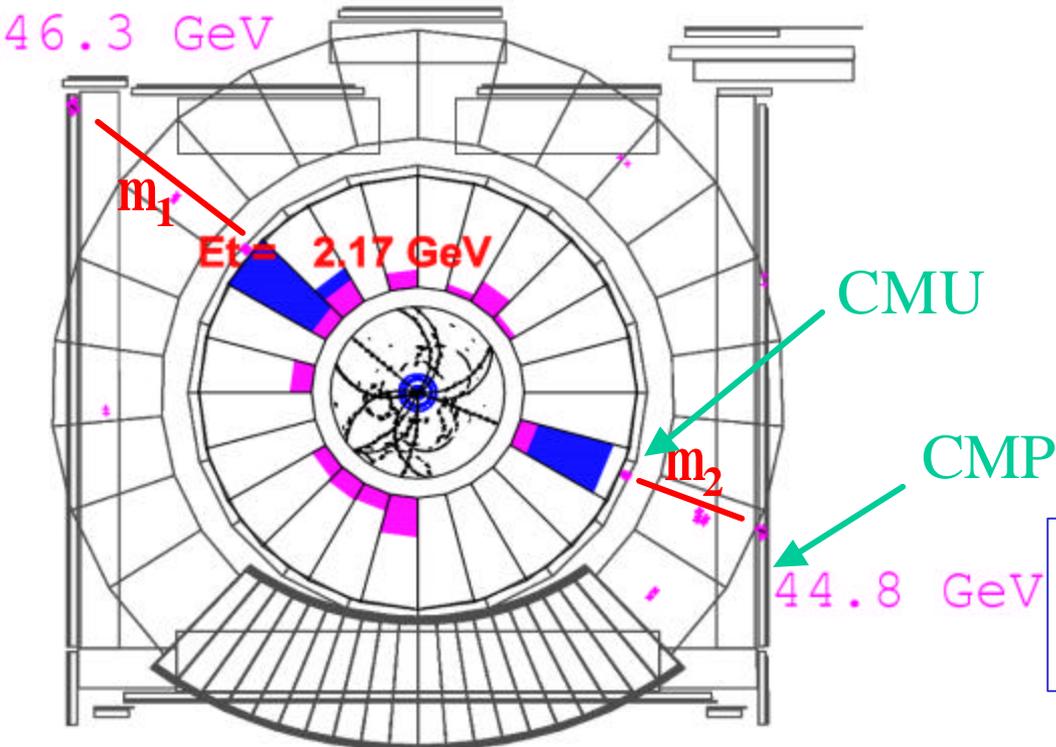
❖ Exploit **new trigger** capabilities

- **Measure** $\Delta M(D_s, D^+)$; **measure** $B(D^0 \rightarrow KK, \pi\pi) / B(D^0 \rightarrow K\pi)$
- Learn to model trigger for physics signals (later $\Rightarrow Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}, H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$)
- Reconstruct **fully hadronic** B decays

Now is the winter of our discontents made
glorious summer by this sum of quarks

Bill Ashmanskas, Chicago/CDF

- ❖ Clear $Z \rightarrow m^+m^-$ signal
 - require COT•CMU•CMP
 - CDF's purest muons: $\sim 8\lambda$



57 candidates $66 < M < 116 \text{ GeV}$
 $N_Z = 53.2 \pm 7.5 \pm 2.7$



Measurement of $\sigma_B(W \rightarrow \mu\nu)$, R

4561 candidates in 16 pb⁻¹
(require COT•CMU•CMP)

12.5% background:

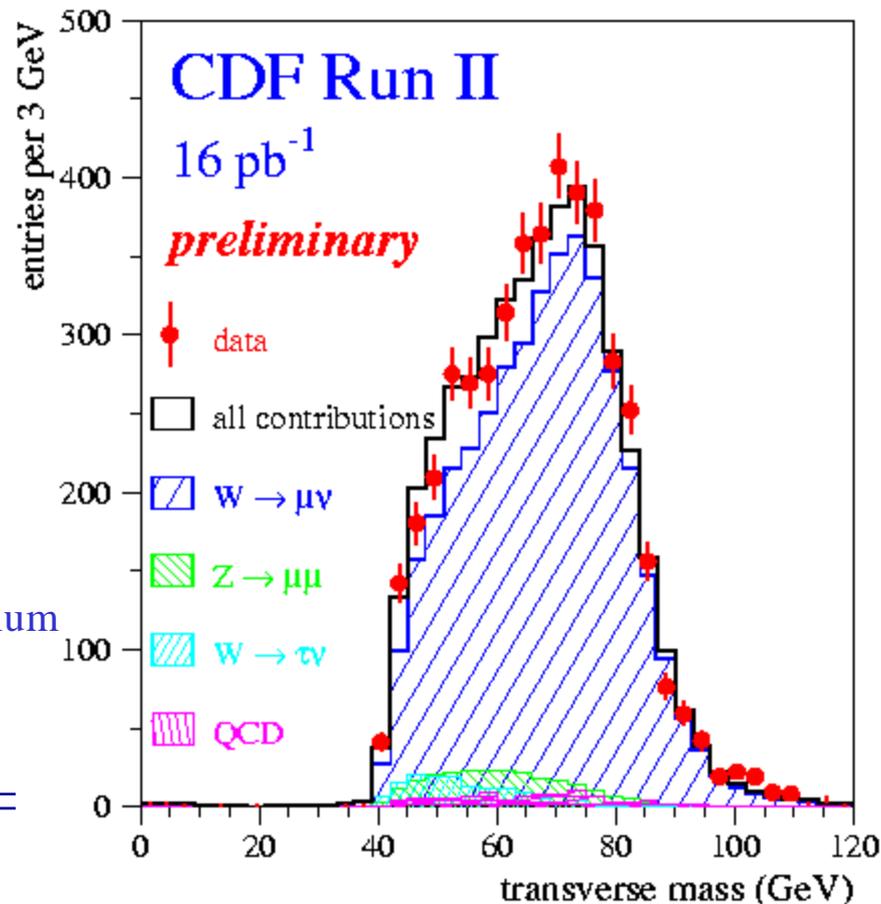
- $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$: 247 ± 13
- $W \rightarrow \tau\nu$: 145 ± 10
- QCD: 104 ± 53
- Cosmics: 73 ± 30

$$\sigma \cdot B(W \rightarrow \mu\nu) = 2.70 \pm 0.04_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.19_{\text{syst}} \pm 0.27_{\text{lumi}}$$

Many uncertainties, e.g. lumi, cancel in ratio:

$$R = \sigma \cdot B(W \rightarrow \mu\nu) / \sigma \cdot B(Z \rightarrow \mu\mu) = 13.66 \pm 1.94_{\text{stat}} \pm 1.12_{\text{syst}} \quad (1.5\sigma \text{ from SM})$$

$$P \quad G(W) = 1.67 \pm 0.24_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.14_{\text{syst}}$$



M_T

Measure a precisely predicted ratio \Rightarrow establish tight feedback loop on muon detection, reconstruction, and simulation

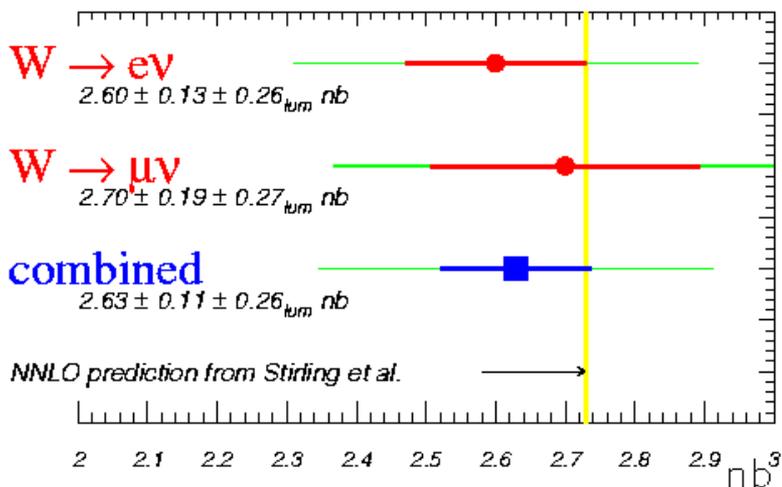


Measure $\sigma \cdot \text{BR}(W \rightarrow e\nu)$

W cross section:

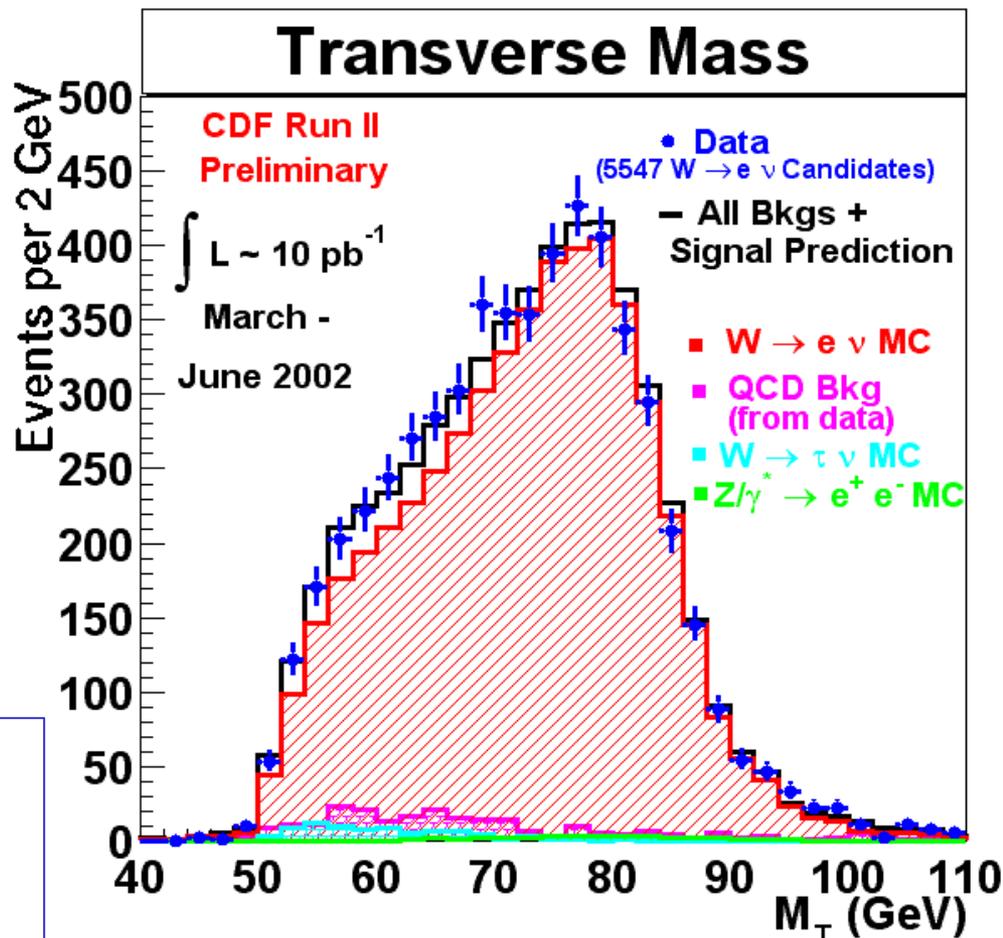
0.16 soon!

$$\sigma_W \cdot \text{BR}(W \rightarrow e\nu) \text{ (nb)} = 2.60 \pm 0.07_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.11_{\text{syst}} \pm 0.26_{\text{lum}}$$



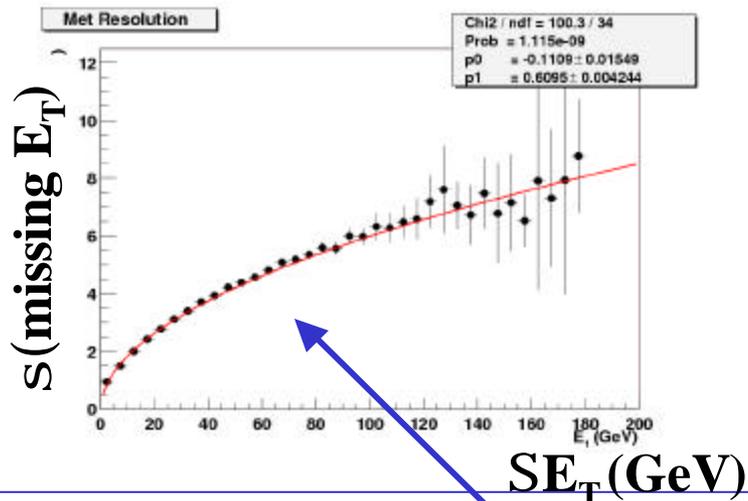
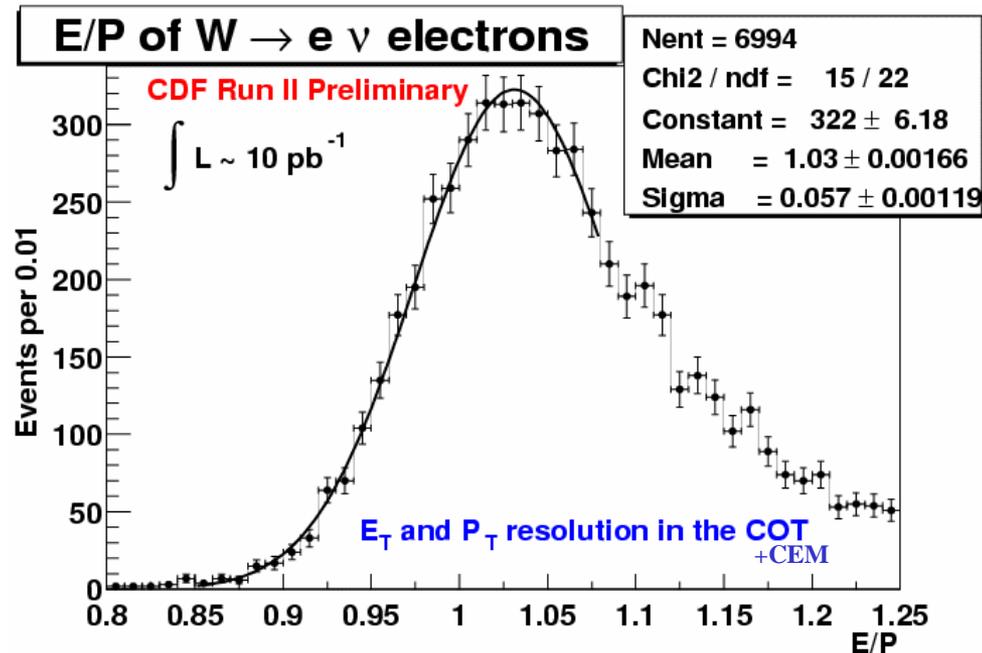
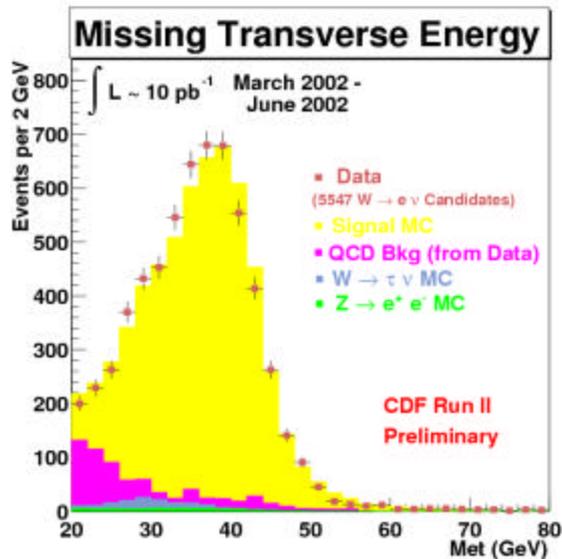
Background (8%):

- QCD: $260 \pm 34 \pm 78$
- $Z \rightarrow ee$: $54 \pm 2 \pm 3$
- $W \rightarrow t\nu$: $95 \pm 6 \pm 1$



5547 candidates in 10 pb^{-1}

Modeling $W \rightarrow e\nu$ calibrates $e, \nu, \text{tracks}, \dots$



$\sigma(E/p) \sim 5.7\%$ (cal \oplus track)
(within 20% of Run I resolution)

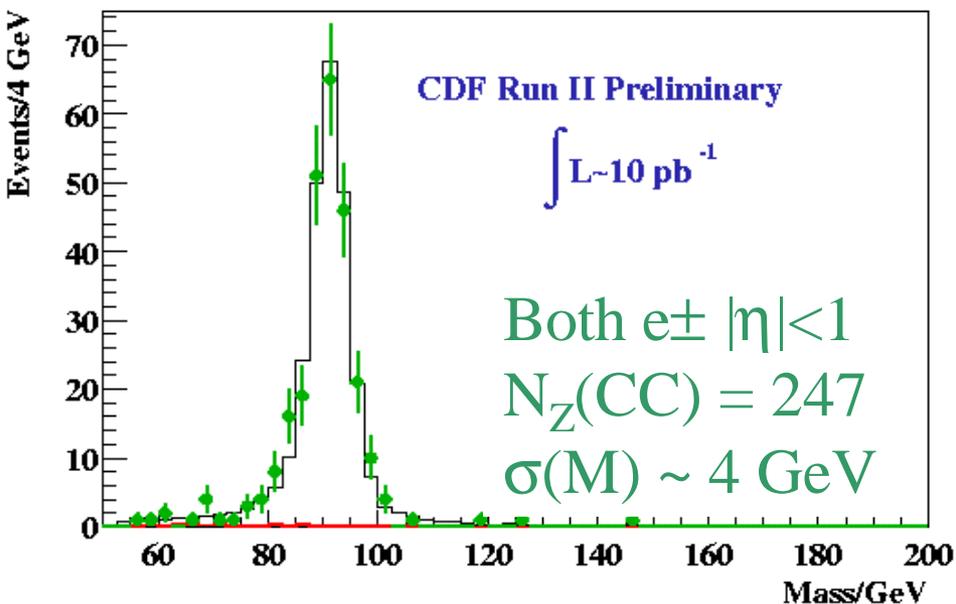
expect improvements as
calibrations continue

Missing energy resolution from minimum-bias
data consistent with Run 1

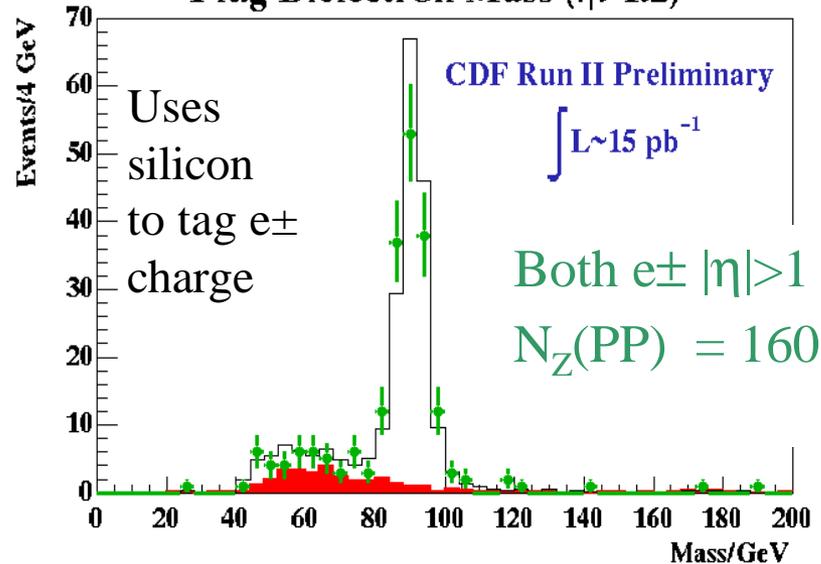


Reconstruct $Z \rightarrow ee$; measure A_{FB}

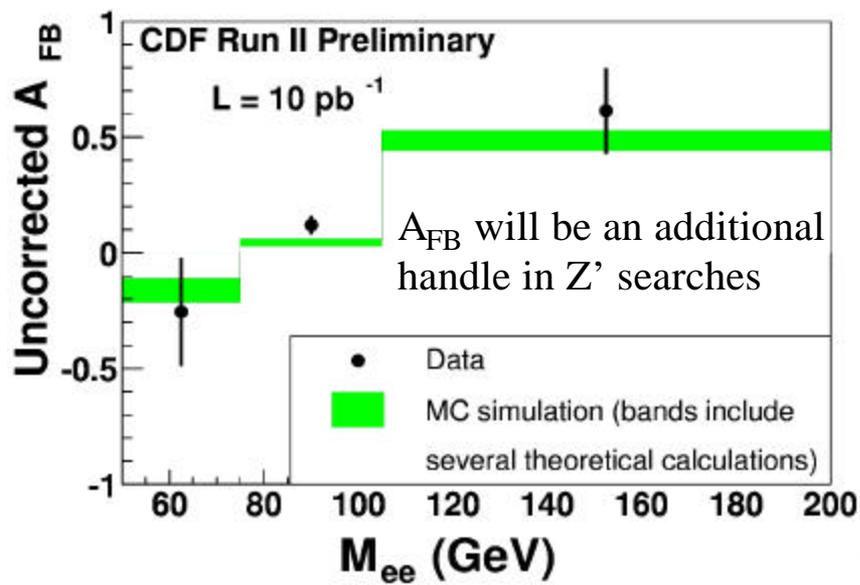
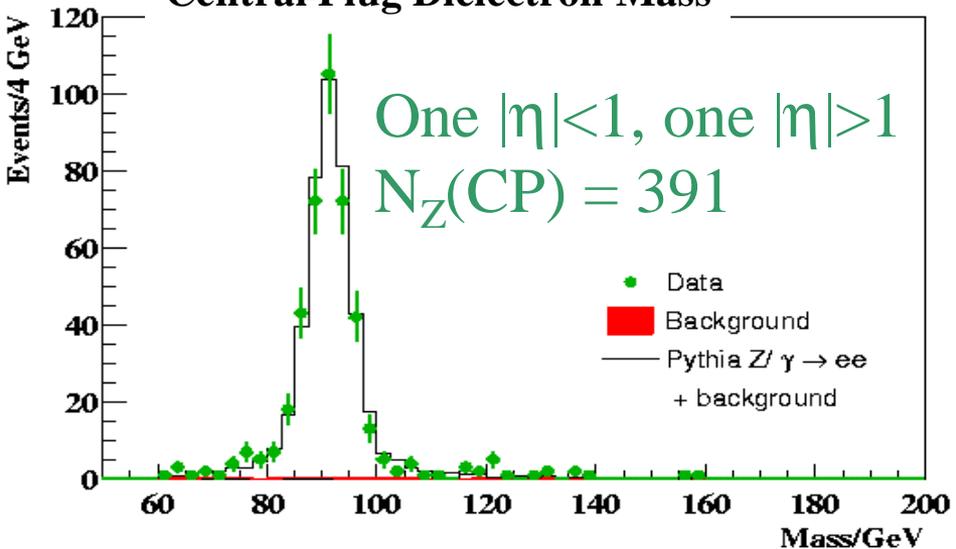
Central Dielectron Mass



Plug Dielectron Mass ($|\eta| > 1.2$)



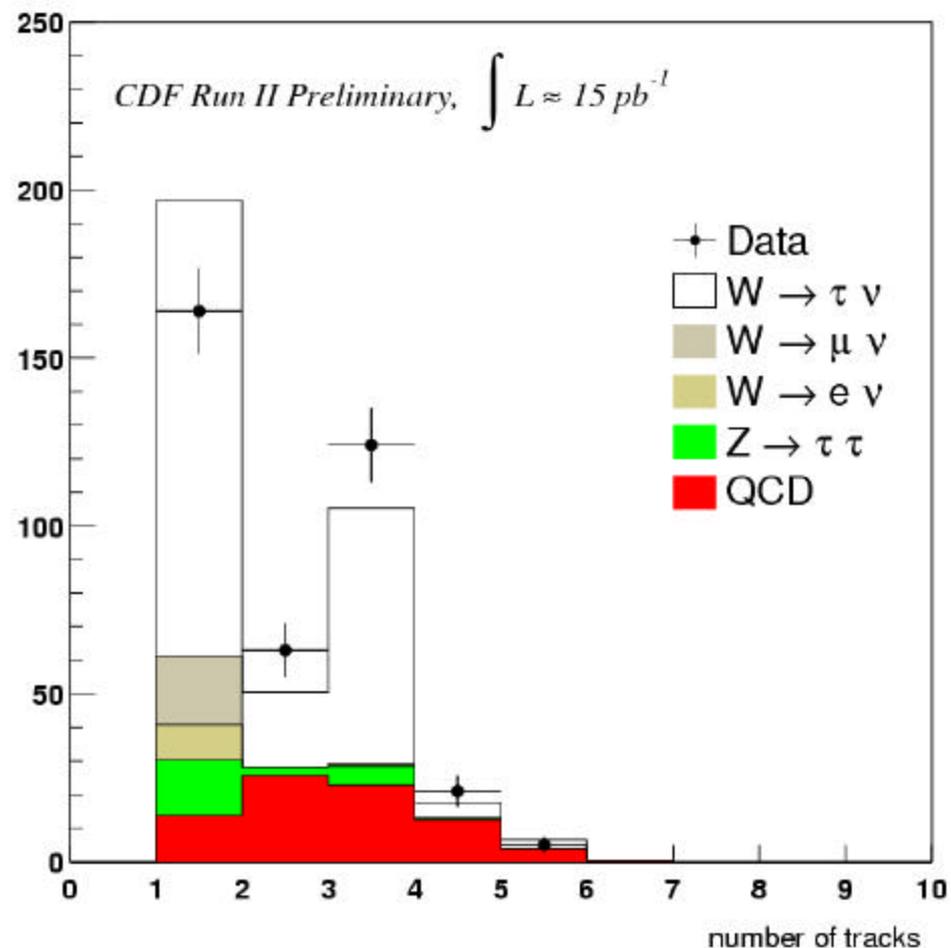
Central-Plug Dielectron Mass



❖ Evidence for typical τ decay multiplicity in $W \rightarrow \tau \nu$ selections

❖ τ channel important for new physics searches

$W \rightarrow \tau \nu$: number of tracks, associated with the τ candidate

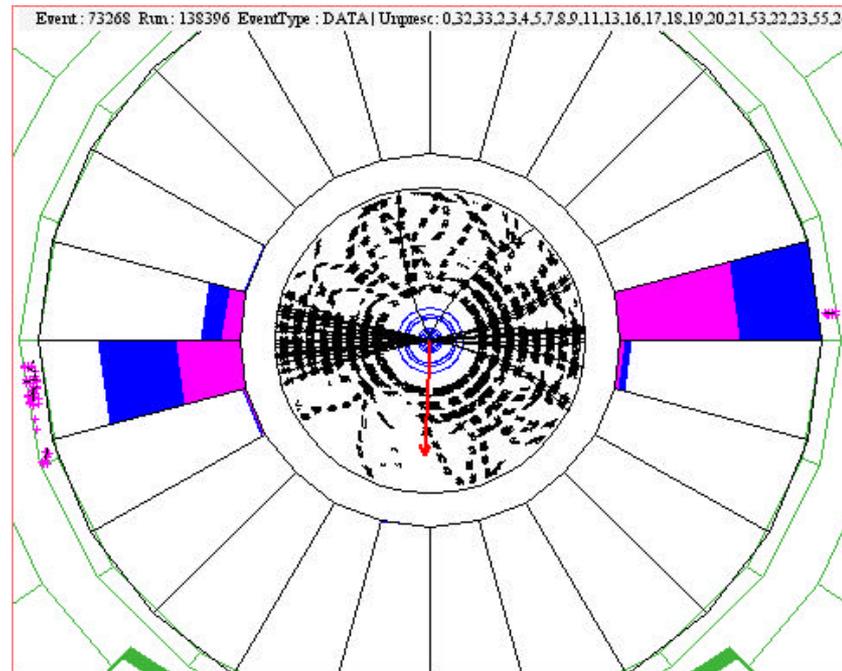
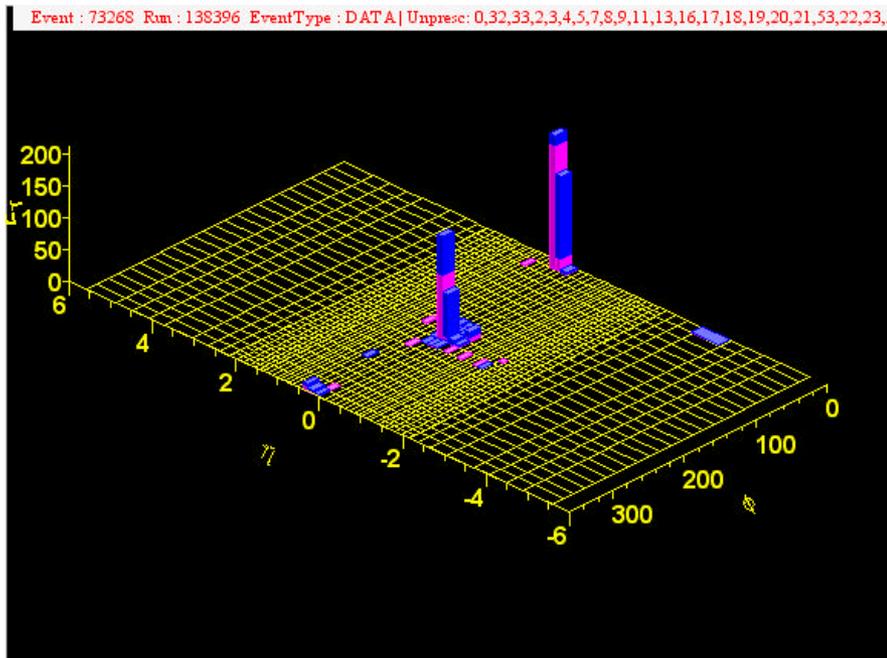




Jet reconstruction/measurement essential for M_{top} searches ...

Jet 1: $E_T = 403$ GeV

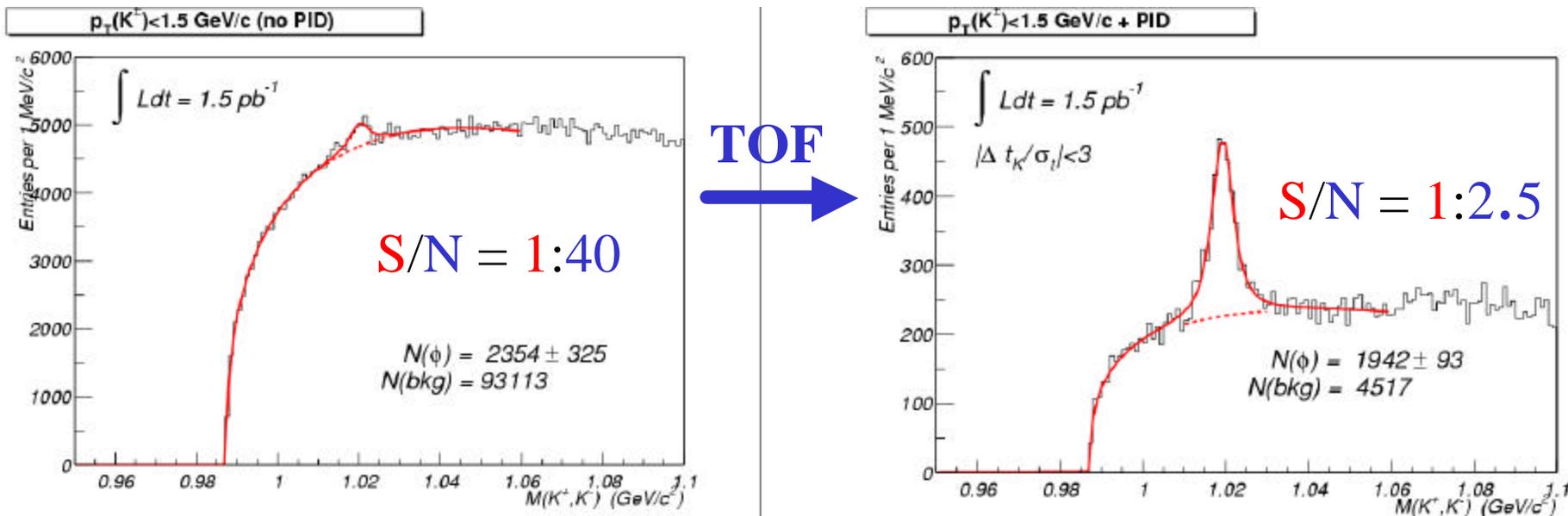
Jet 2: $E_T = 322$ GeV



Run II jet energy calibrations
in progress. In $|\eta| < 1$ region,
we reproduce Run I calibrations
to $\sim 5\%$ level thus far.

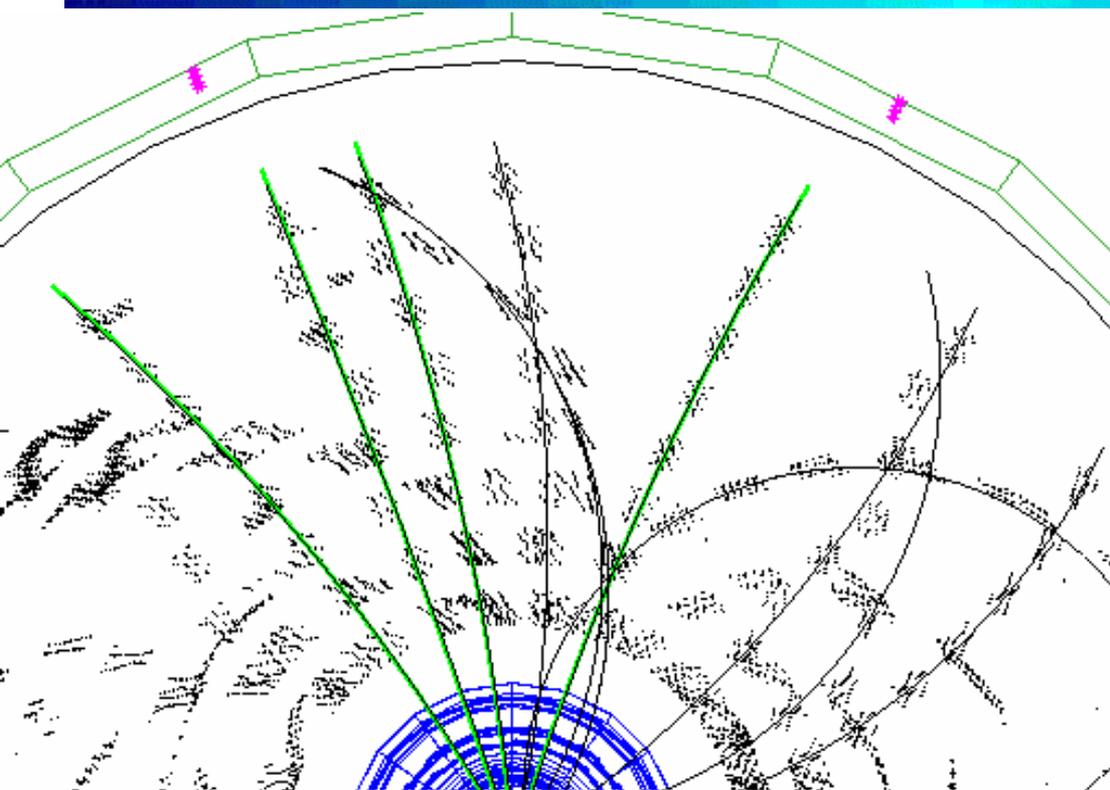
Brand new detector: TOF!

TOF resolution within 10–20% of 100 ps design value (calibration ongoing)



Novel uses (beyond K tagging) in the works:

- CHAMPS search (large flight time)
- magnetic monopole trigger (large pulse height)



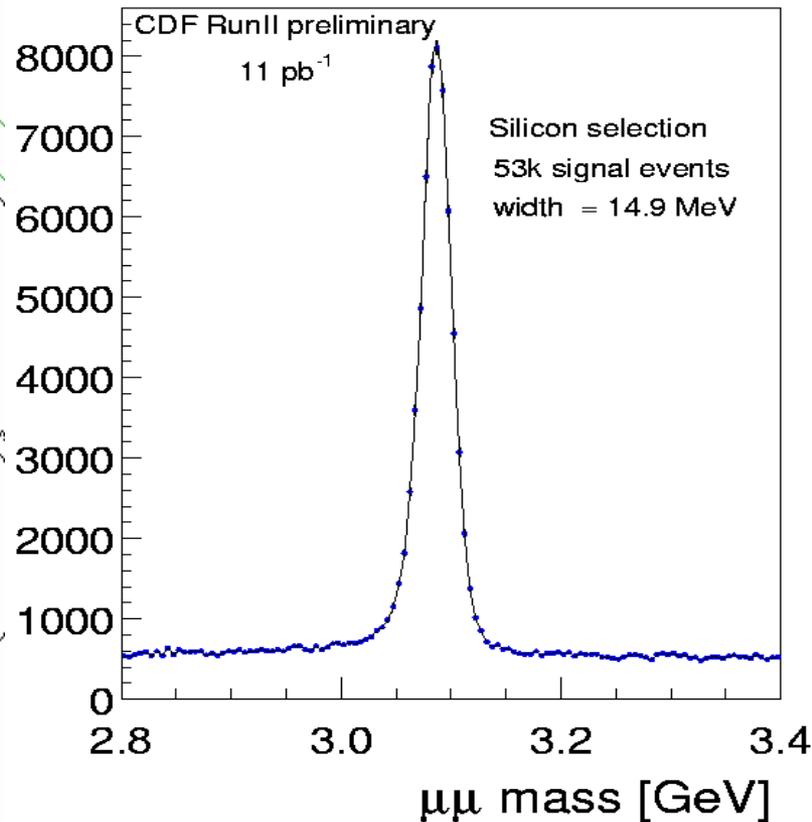
COT tracking (measured)

$\epsilon = 99 \pm 1\%$ (L3/offline reco)

$\epsilon = 96.1 \pm 0.1\%$ (L1 trigger)

$\sigma(1/p_T) < 0.13\%/GeV$ (offline)

$\sigma(1/p_T) = 1.74\%/GeV$ (L1 trigger)



Run II trigger efficient down to
 $p_T(\mu) = 1.5 \text{ GeV}$

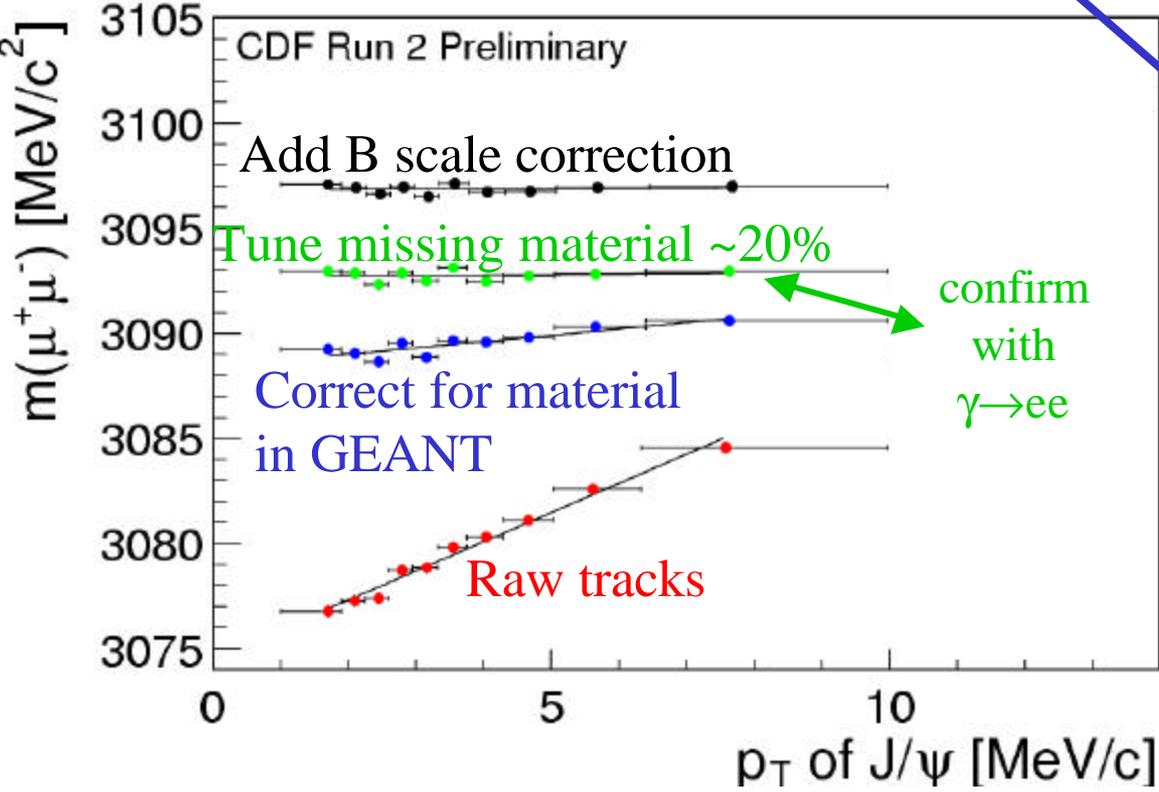


Material & Momentum Calibration

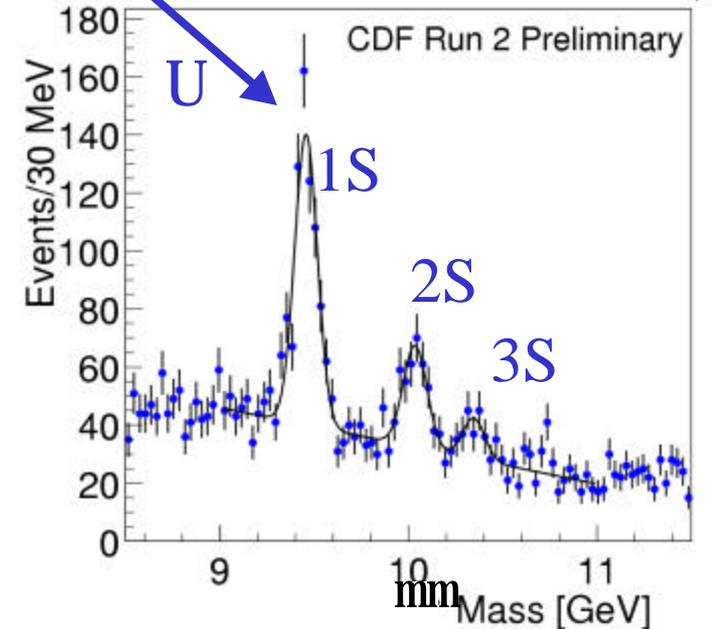
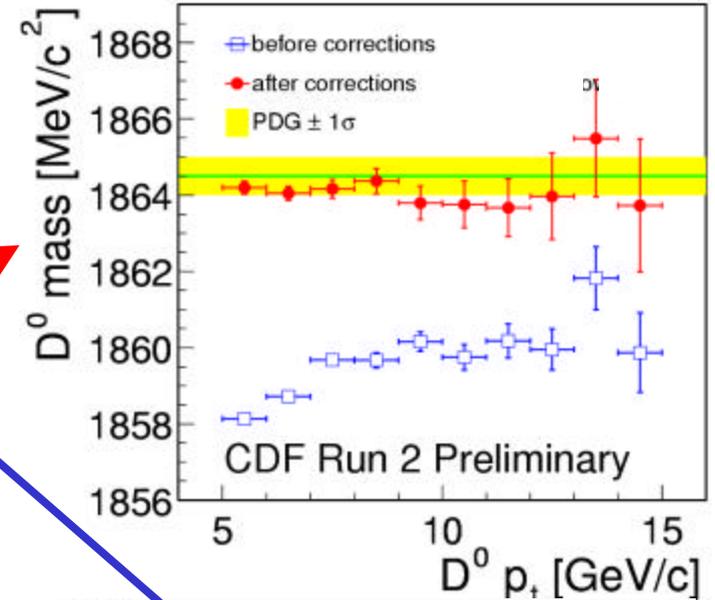
❖ Use J/ψ 's to understand E-loss and B-field corrections

➤ $\sigma(\text{scale})/\text{scale} \sim 0.02\%$!

❖ Check with other known signals



D^0

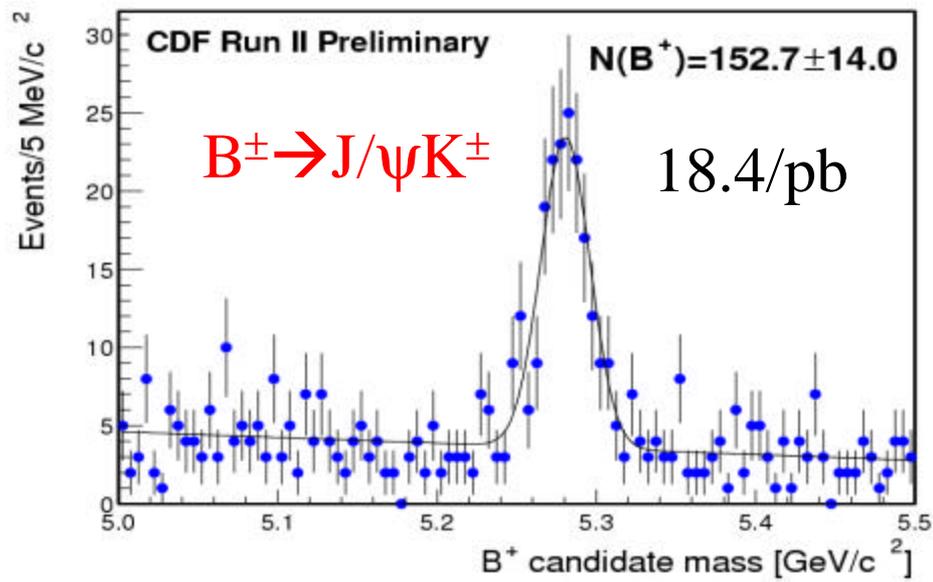
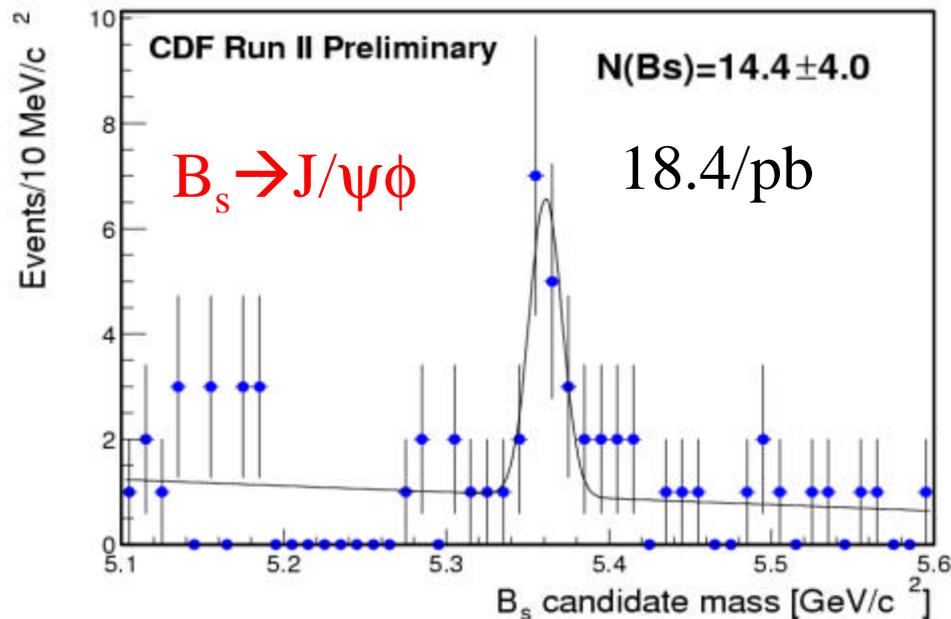




Meson mass measurements

❖ B masses:

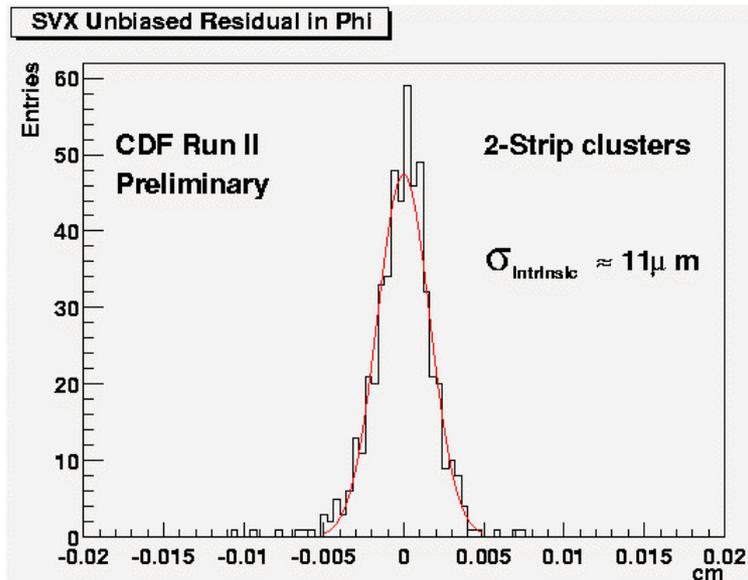
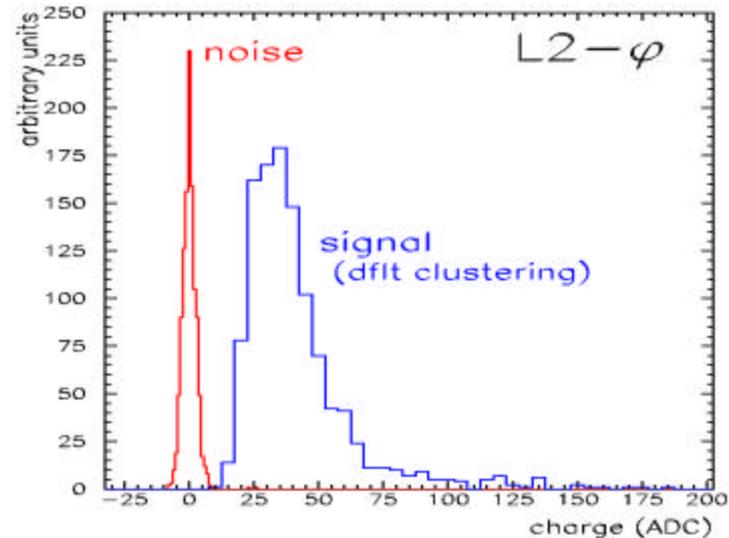
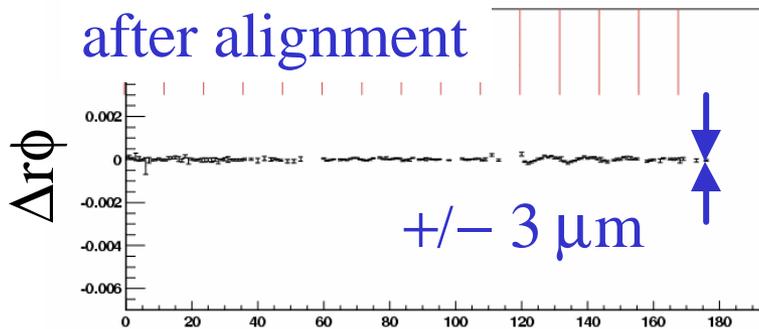
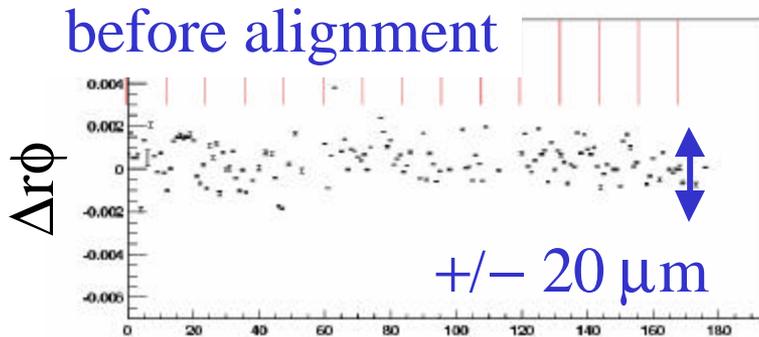
- $\psi(2S) \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-$ (control)
- $B_u \rightarrow J/\psi K^+$
- $B_d \rightarrow J/\psi K^{0*}$ ($K^{0*} \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$)
- $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$ ($\phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$)



	CDF 2002	DPDG/s
$\psi(2S)$	3686.43 ± 0.54	0.9
B_u	$5280.6 \pm 1.7 \pm 1.1$	0.8
B_d	$5279.8 \pm 1.9 \pm 1.4$	0.2
B_s	$5360.3 \pm 3.8 \pm \begin{matrix} 2.1 \\ 2.9 \end{matrix}$	-2.1

❖ Silicon detectors:

- Typical S/N ~12
- Alignment in R- ϕ mature
- Hit resolution as expected



❖ Inclusive B lifetime with J/ψ 's

$$\text{Fit pseudo-}c\tau = L_{xy}^{\psi} * F_{MC} * M_{\psi} / p_{T}^{\psi}$$

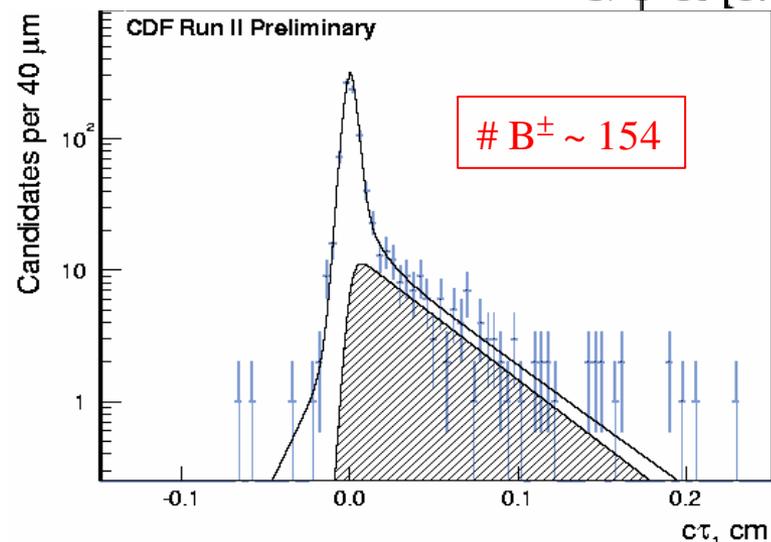
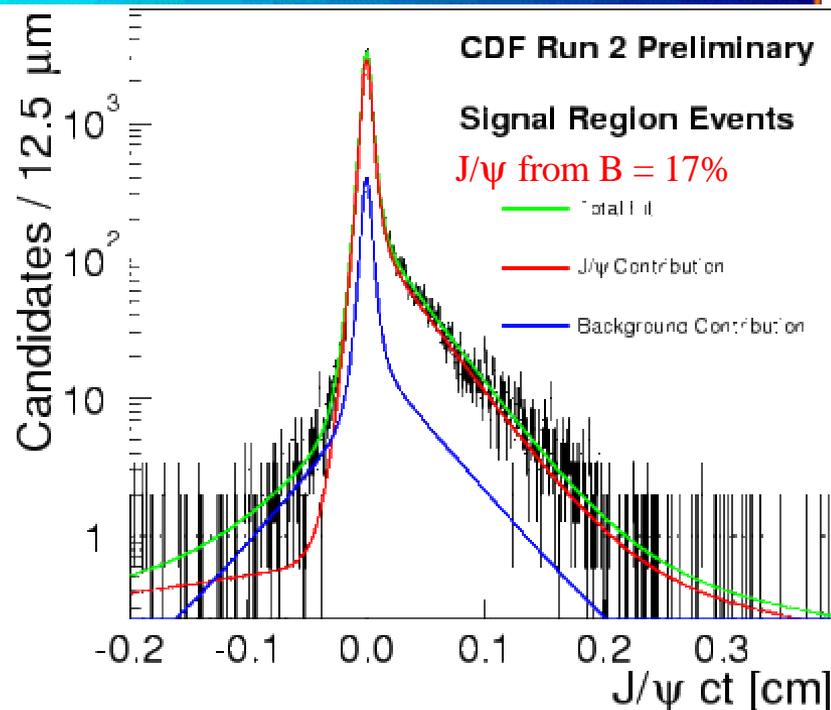
$$c\tau = 458 \pm 10_{\text{stat.}} \pm 11_{\text{syst.}} \mu\text{m}$$

(PDG: $469 \pm 4 \mu\text{m}$)

❖ Exclusive $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+$ lifetime

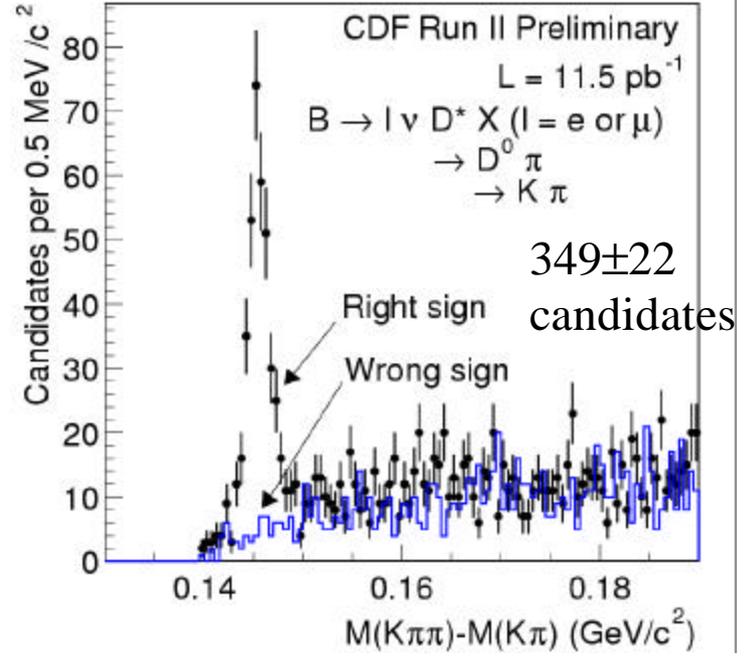
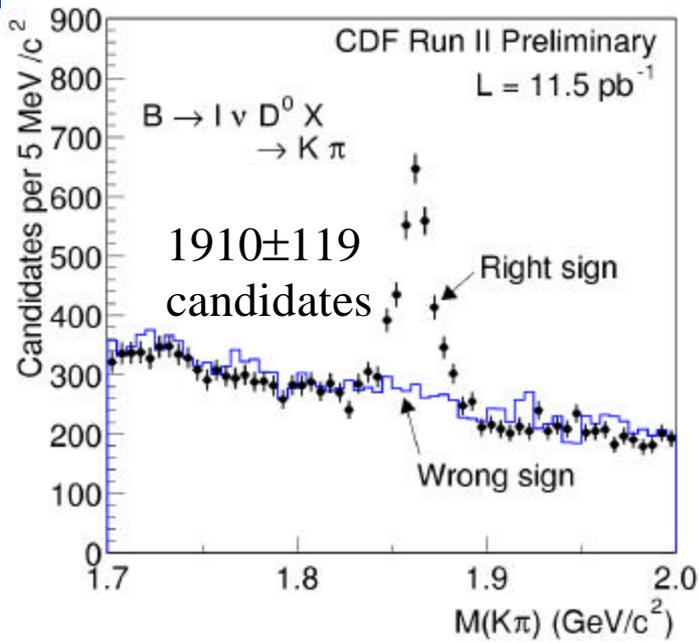
$$c\tau = 446 \pm 43_{\text{stat.}} \pm 13_{\text{syst.}} \mu\text{m}$$

(PDG: $502 \pm 5 \mu\text{m}$)

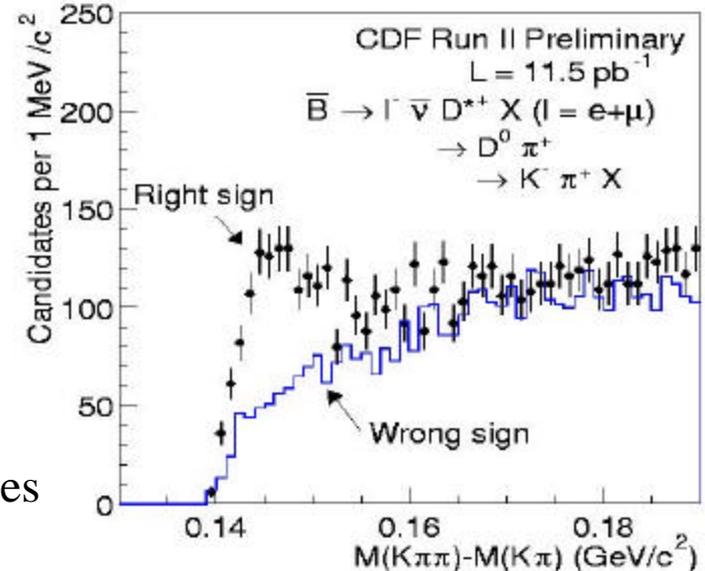




Trigger selects B's via semileptonic decays ...



Run II trigger & silicon =>
~3× yield/luminosity as in Run I
(and likely to improve further with optimization)



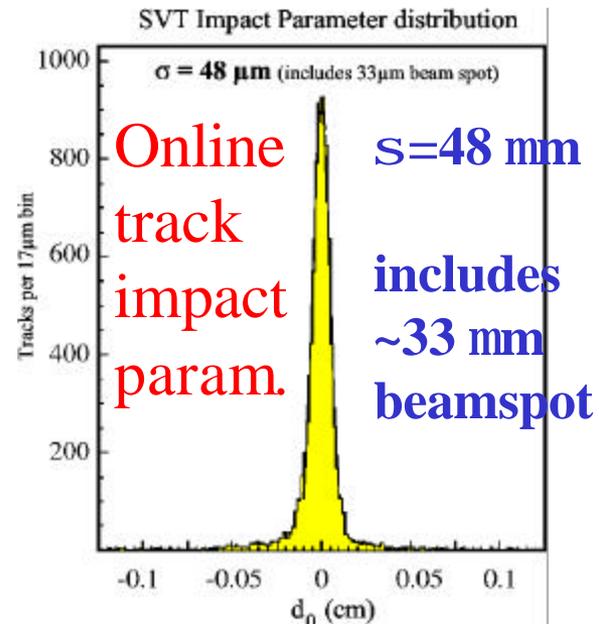
Hadronic B trigger (revolutionary!)



~150 VME boards
find & fit silicon
tracks, with offline
accuracy, in a **15 μ s**
pipeline



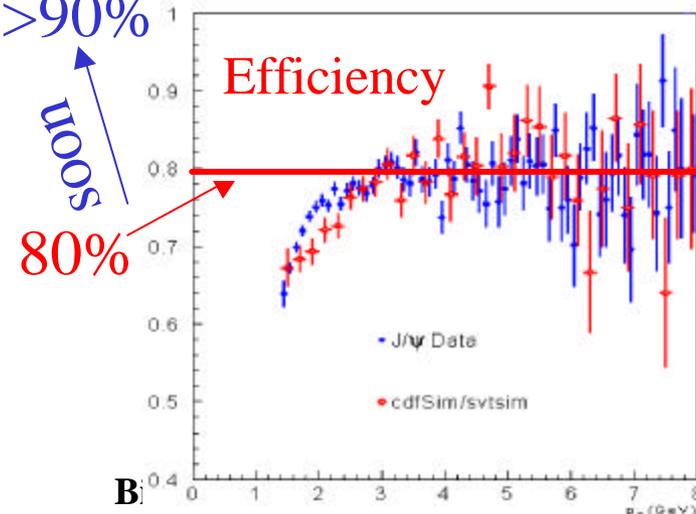
The wisest are the
most annoyed by the
loss of time. -Dante



❖ Secondary Vertex L2 Trigger

- D resolution as planned
 - 48 mm (33 mm beam spot transverse size)
- Online fit/subtraction of beam position
 - reports to ACNET page C82 !
- $R\phi$ only \Rightarrow need beamline || silicon

>90%
SOON





SVT selects huge charm signals!

❖ L2 trigger on 2 tracks:

➤ $p_t > 2 \text{ GeV}$

■ $|D| > 100 \mu\text{m}$ (2 body)

■ $|D| > 120 \mu\text{m}$ (multibody)

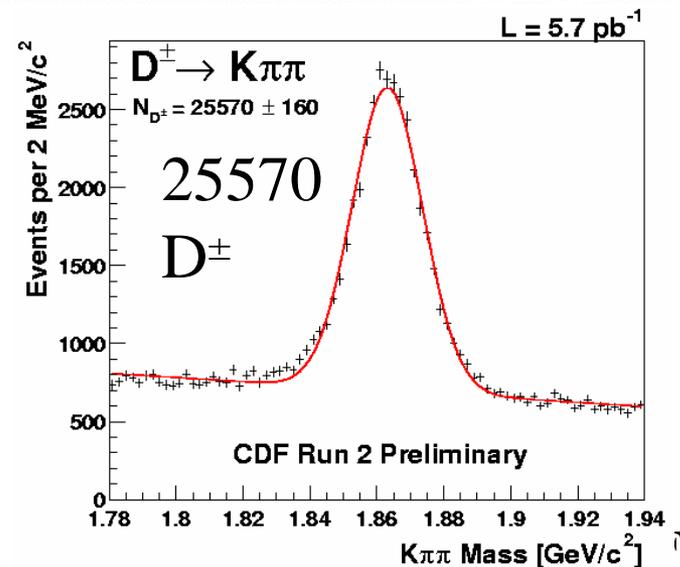
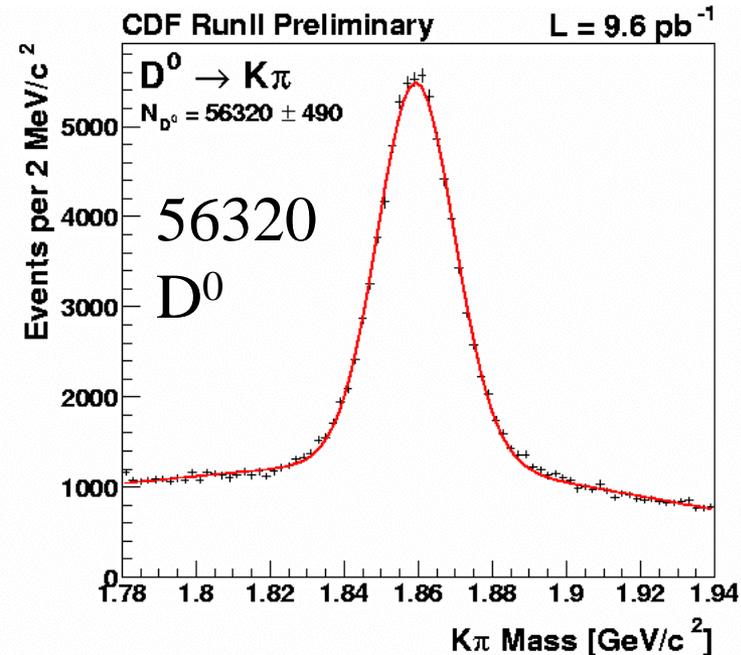
❖ Whopping charm samples!

➤ Will have $O(10^7)$ fully reconstructed decays in 2/fb data set

■ FOCUS = today's standard for huge:
139K $D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$, 110K $D^+ \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$

➤ A substantial fraction comes from b decays (next slide)

Some are born to discover J/ψ ,
some achieve photoproduction of charm,
and some have charm physics thrust upon 'em





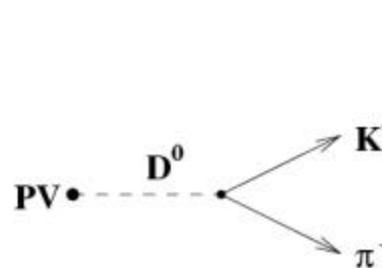
Fraction of charm from b decays

❖ D mesons:

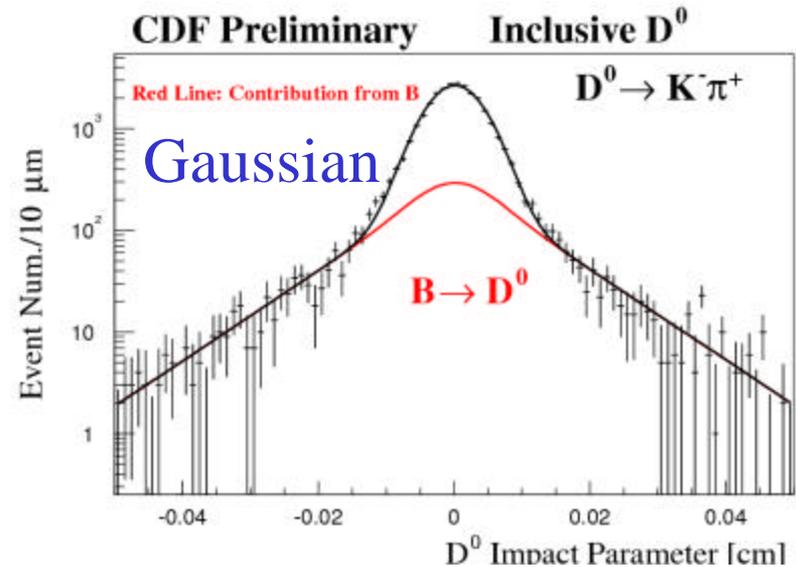
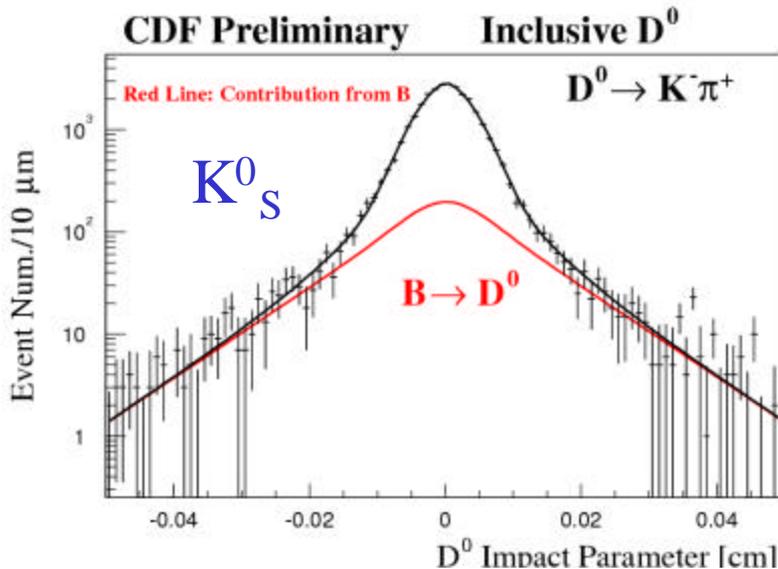
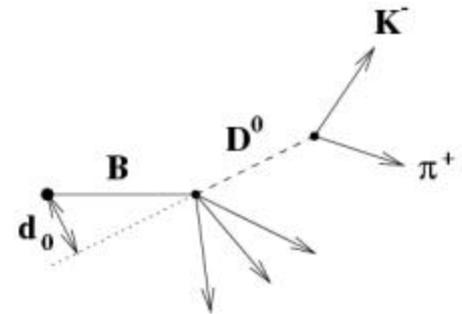
➤ What fraction from B?

- D^0 : 16.4-23.1%
- D^{*+} : 11.4-20.0%
- D^+ : 11.3-17.3%
- D_s^+ : 34.8-37.8%

Direct Production
D points back to PV



Secondary Production
D has finite impact parameter



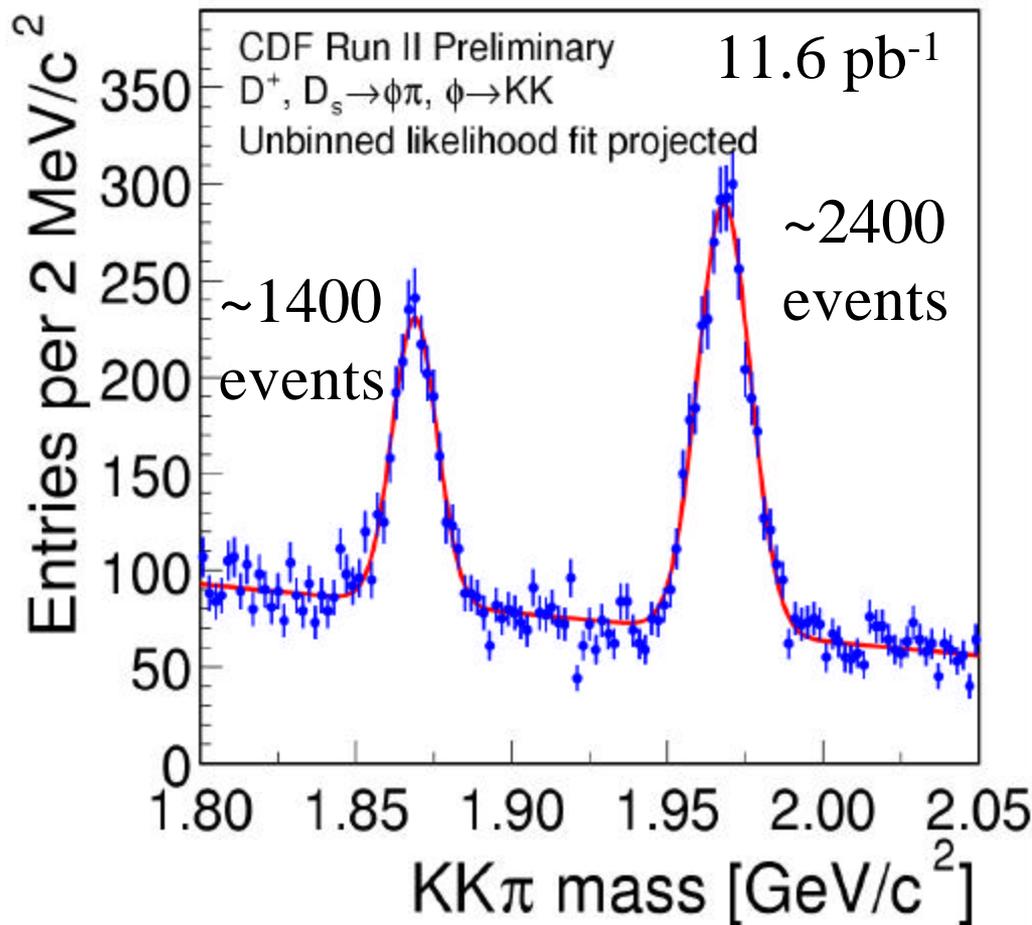


Measure D_s , D^+ mass difference

❖ $D_s^\pm - D^\pm$ mass difference

- Both $D \rightarrow \phi\pi$ ($\phi \rightarrow KK$)
- $\Delta m = 99.28 \pm 0.43 \pm 0.27$ MeV
 - PDG: 99.2 ± 0.5 MeV (CLEO2, E691)
- Systematics dominated by background modeling

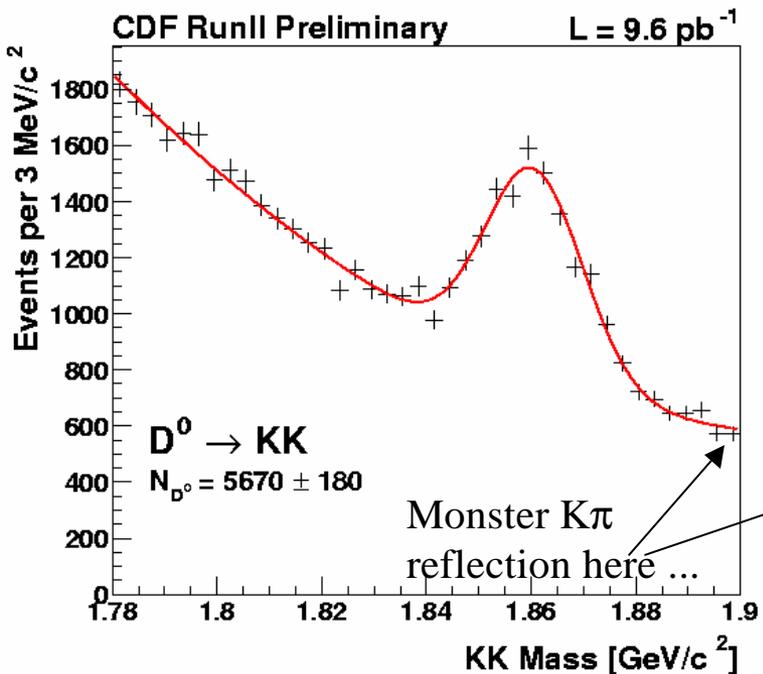
Brand new CDF capability



Measure Cabibbo-suppressed decay rates

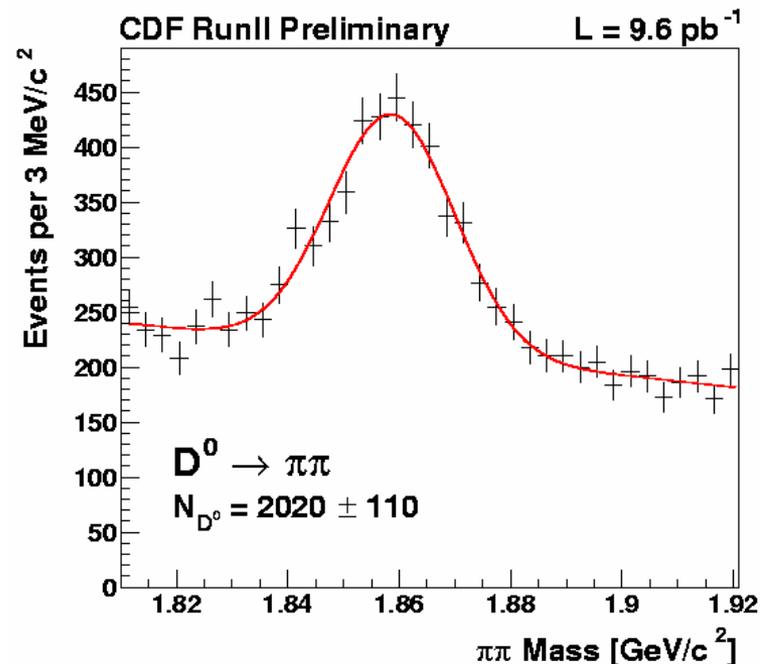
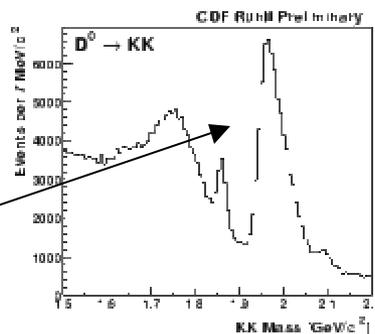
- $\Gamma(D \rightarrow KK)/\Gamma(D \rightarrow K\pi) = (11.17 \pm 0.48 \pm 0.98)\%$ (PDG: 10.83 ± 0.27)
 - Main systematic (8%): background subtraction (E687, E791, CLEO2)
- $\Gamma(D \rightarrow \pi\pi)/\Gamma(D \rightarrow K\pi) = (3.37 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.16)\%$ (PDG: 3.76 ± 0.17)
 - several $\sim 2\%$ systematics
- This measurement has pushed the state of the art on modeling SVT sculpting--essential simulation tools for both B physics program and e.g. high- p_T b-jet triggers

Already comparable!



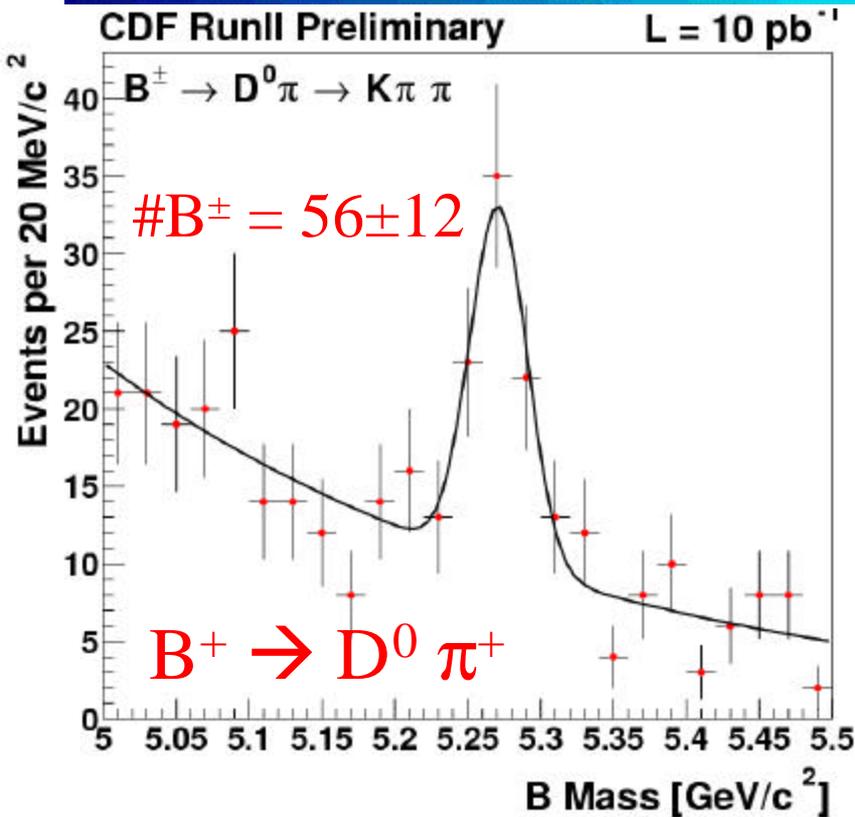
Future?

- CP violation
- mixing
- rare decays





Toward B_s mixing!



$$c\tau = \frac{L}{\gamma\beta}$$

$$\sigma_{c\tau} = \left(\frac{\sigma_L}{\gamma\beta} \right) \oplus \left(\frac{\sigma_{\gamma\beta}}{\gamma\beta} \right) \cdot c\tau$$

≈ constant

multiplicative error
 ~ 15% (semileptonic)
 ~ 0.5% (hadronic)

Need fully reconstructed (hadronic) decays
 to see past first couple of oscillation periods

We observe hadronic B decays!

Yields understood to ~20% level from
 detailed simulation

Our remedies oft in ourselves do lie

Next steps:

- Reconstruct $B_s \rightarrow D_s \pi$, $D_s \rightarrow \phi \pi$
- Flavor tagging algorithms
- Exploit $\geq \times 3$ SVX acceptance, SVT efficiency improvements

Full silicon acceptance is in sight ...

The last 10% of the job takes the second 90% of the effort (but not time!)

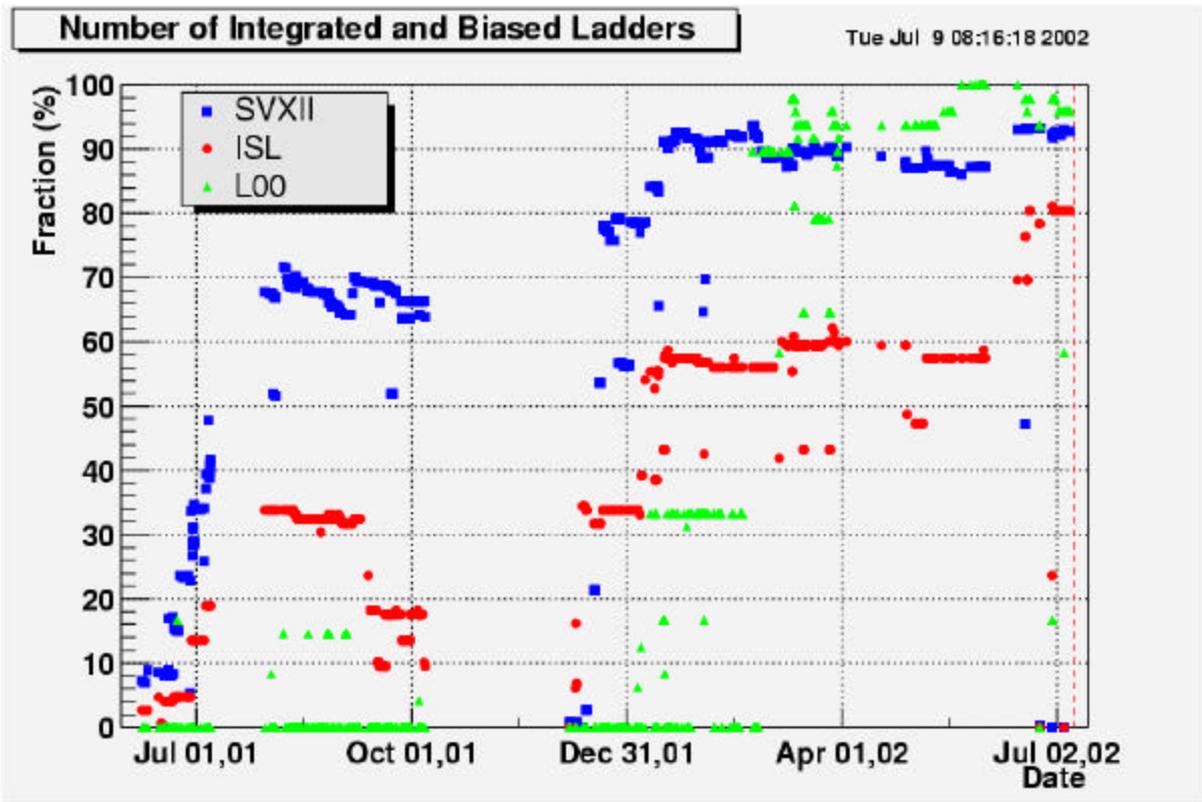
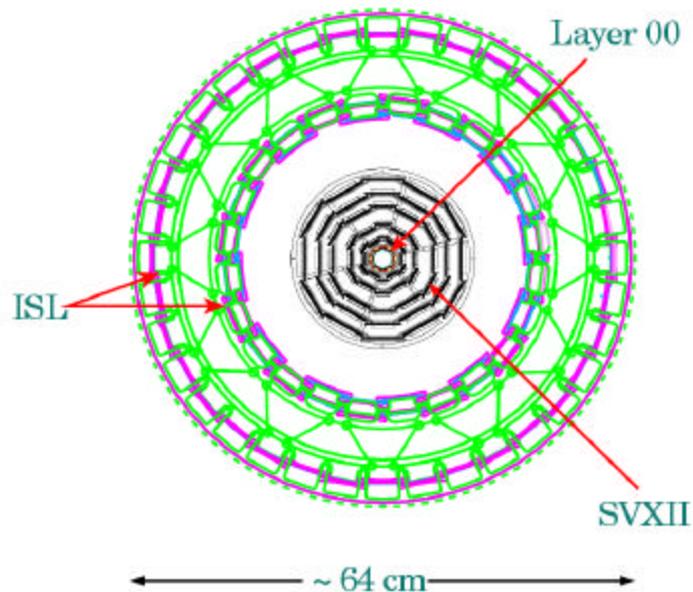
❖ Commissioning:

➤ **L00** > 95%

➤ **SVXII** > 90%

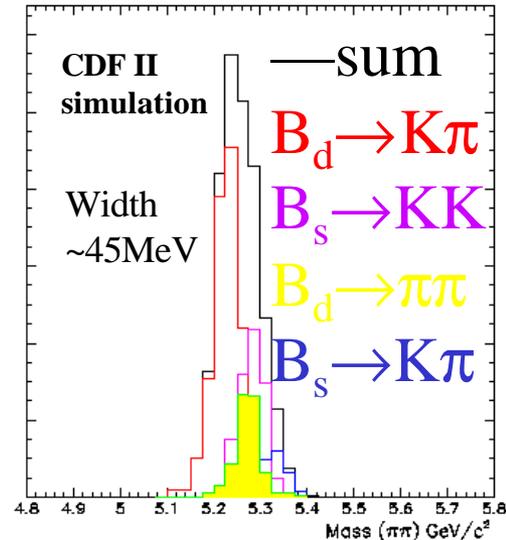
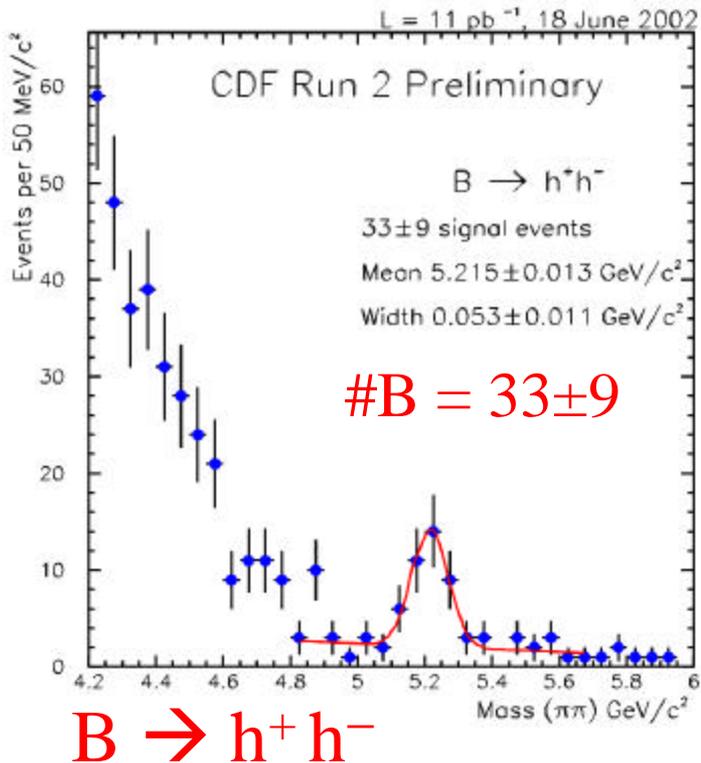
➤ **ISL** > 80%

■ ISL completing cooling work



% of silicon ladders powered and read-out by silicon system vs. time

2-body hadronic B decays observed!!



- Yield lower than expected (now improved); S/N better than expected
- With 2 fb⁻¹ sample, measuring γ to $\sim 10^\circ$ may be feasible, using Fleischer's method of relating $B_s \rightarrow KK$ and $B_d \rightarrow \pi\pi$, and using β as input

CDF is better than ever before!

- ❖ Taking publication-quality data since early 2002
- ❖ Understanding of detector is advanced
 - e.g. tracking is coming together much faster than in Run I
- ❖ Many **new capabilities** of detector and trigger
 - Each Run II pb⁻¹ worth much more than each Run I pb⁻¹!
 - And of course 9% more W,Z; 35% more t \bar{t} at 1.96 TeV
- ❖ Many early physics results, **some already competitive**
 - $\sigma B(W \rightarrow l\nu)$, $\sigma B(W \rightarrow \mu\nu) / \sigma B(Z \rightarrow \mu\mu)$
 - $m(B)$, $\tau(B)$, $\Delta M(D_s, D^+)$, $BR(D^0 \rightarrow KK, \pi\pi)$
- ❖ Tooling up for M_W , M_{top} , SUSY searches, Higgs search
- ❖ By focusing work on achieving physics goals, we've made outstanding progress in 2002. **CDF is back!**